

# M608X (S08) Homework 1

Due date: 7 February 2008

## Do at least 8 of the following:

1. Prove Hall's theorem from König's theorem.
2. Prove that Egerváry's statement is equivalent to that of König.
3. Prove that  $T_{n,r}$  is the  $n$ -vertex  $r$ -partite graph with the most number of edges.
4. For each  $n$ , find two examples of graphs with minimum degree at least  $\lceil n/2 \rceil - 1$  which are not Hamiltonian.
5. Prove that if  $G$  is a simple graph on  $n$  vertices with minimum-degree at least  $n/2$ , then  $G$  contains a matching (1-regular subgraph) with  $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor$  edges.
6. Prove that if  $G$  has a nearly equitable  $(r+1)$ -coloring  $f$  in which the large class  $V^+$  is accessible, then  $G$  has an equitable  $(r+1)$ -coloring.
7. Prove the complementary form of Hajnal-Szemerédi, given the original form.
8. Prove the general form of Ramsey's theorem.
9. Let  $G$  be a 3-regular graph. Prove that there exists a bipartition of  $V(G) = A + B$  such that at least two-thirds of the edges of  $G$  have one endvertex in  $A$  and one endvertex in  $B$ .
10. Let  $G$  be a graph on  $n$  vertices with degree sequence  $d_1 \leq d_2 \leq \dots \leq d_n$ . Prove that there is a partition of  $V(G) = A_1, \dots, A_k$  such that at least

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left\lceil \frac{k-1}{k} d_i \right\rceil = e(G) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left\lfloor \frac{d_i}{k} \right\rfloor$$

edges have endpoints in distinct parts.

11. Write a "good" homework problem based on the first three weeks of material.