

Math 307, Fall 2009 - Quiz 9

Solution

Problem 1.

For the following matrix, find:

- 1) the eigenvalues (5 points)
- 2) corresponding eigenspaces (5 points)
- 3) a specific eigenvector for each eigenvalue. (2 points)
- 4) choose one eigenvalue and find a basis for its eigenspace (3 points)
- 5) algebraic and geometric multiplicity of that eigenvalue. (2 points)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues

$$|A - \lambda I| = \begin{vmatrix} (2-\lambda) & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (-1-\lambda) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (2-\lambda) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & (-1-\lambda) \end{vmatrix} = (2-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (2-\lambda)^2(-1-\lambda)^2 = 0.$$

Thus $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2$, $\lambda_3 = \lambda_4 = -1$.

Eigenspaces

$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2$.

$$(A - 2I)\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0},$$

iff

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0},$$

$$E_2 = \{(t, 0, s, -3s) : t, s \in \mathbb{R}\} = \text{Span}(\{(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, -3)\}).$$

A basis of E_2 is $B = \{(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, -3)\}$, $\dim(E_2) = 2$.

$$\lambda_3 = \lambda_4 = -1.$$

$$(A + I)\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0},$$

iff

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0},$$

$$E_{-1} = \{(t, -t, 0, s) : t, s \in \mathbb{R}\} = \text{Span}(\{(1, -1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}).$$

A basis of E_{-1} is $B = \{(1, -1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}$, $\dim(E_{-1}) = 2$.