

## HOMEWORK 2, MATH 607, Fall 2009

### Problem 2.1.

For each choice of integers  $k, l, m$   $0 < k \leq l \leq m$  construct a simple graph with  $\kappa(G) = k$ ,  $\kappa'(G) = l$ ,  $\delta(G) = m$ .

### Problem 2.2.

Let  $G$  be a connected graph such that for any edge  $e$  of  $G$  there are cycles  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  with  $e = E(C_1) \cap E(C_2)$ . Prove that  $G$  is 3-edge connected. Using this fact, prove that Petersen graph is 3-edge connected.

### Problem 2.3.

Let  $G$  be 2-connected graph. For  $xy \in E(G)$ , prove that  $G - xy$  is 2-connected if and only if  $x, y \in V(C)$  for some cycle  $C$  in  $G - xy$ .

### Problem 2.4.

Let  $A = A_1, \dots, A_m$  be a collection of subsets of a set  $Y$ . A system of distinct representatives for  $A$  is the set of distinct elements  $a_1, \dots, a_m$  such that  $a_i \in A_i$  for all  $i = 1, \dots, m$ . Prove that  $A$  has a system of distinct representatives if and only if  $|\cup_{i \in S} A_i| \geq |S|$  for every  $S \subseteq \{1, \dots, m\}$ .

### Problem 2.5

A permutation matrix is a matrix of zeros and ones such that each row and each column contain exactly one 1. Show that a square matrix  $A$  with nonnegative integer entries is a sum of  $k$  permutation matrices if and only if the sum of elements in each row and in each column of  $A$  is  $k$ .

### Problem 2.6.

For each integer  $k > 1$  construct a  $k$ -regular graph with no 1-factor.